Course Code : AMT 201

Course Title : Introductory Agro meteorology

Credit Hours : 2(2+0) Full Marks: 50 Theory: 50 Practical: 0

OBJECTIVES

Upon the completion of this course, the students will be able to know atmospheric processes that produce various climate and weather conditions, their agricultural significance, and use of agro-meteorological forecasting tools in agricultural decision making.

I. SYLLABUS

Definitions, scope and role of meteorology in agriculture; meteorological variables and measurements: housing for temperature and humidity measurement; statistical calculations of meteorological variables; evaporation: factors affecting evaporation and transpiration rates and measurements of evapotranspiration demands of crop; precipitation: form, measurement, and significance in crop production; agro-meteorological normals of various crops, crop zonation, human influence on climate change and greenhouse effect on global warming and agriculture; elements and types of weather and climate forecasting for agriculture; use of remote sensing(RS) and geographic information system(GIS) techniques in evapo-transpiration estimation; satellite systems; weather, climate and drought classifications; theory and practices of automatic weather station technologies.

II. COURSE OULINE

A. Lecture

S. N.	Торіс	No. of Lectures
1.	Definitions, scope and role of Agro-meteorology in agriculture	2
2.	Agro-meteorological variables and its measurement: Air	6
	temperature, relative humidity (RH), Solar radiation, Soil	
	moisture, soil temperature, precipitation, wind speed and	
	direction, sunshine duration; evaporation and factors affecting	
	evaporation and transpiration rates; Agro-meteorological station	
	and measurements of these variables; significance of its in	
	Agriculture; Required exposure for measurement.	
	Agro-meteorological normal for main crops.	
3.	Housing for temperature and humidity measurement, units,	3
	maximum, minimum and average values of these parameters	
	required for different crops, calculation of R. H. from dry and we	ţ
	bulb thermometers, statistical calculation of meteorological	
	variables (average, standard deviation, total rainfall) etc.	

Weather and climate forecasts for agriculture: Elements of 3 4 agricultural weather forecast, Types of weather forecasts- Now-casting (NC), Very short-range forecast (VSRF), Short-range forecast (SRF), Medium-range forecast (MRF), Long-range forecast (LRF). Usefulness of weather forecast based on its types; weather forecasting scenario of Nepal; Definition of weather and climate, climatic classifications, Koppens 2 6. classification, Thronthwaite classification, climates of Nepal 7. Drought and Flood, Major drought and flood events affecting the 2 crop production in Nepal. Types of drought, agricultural drought, hydrological drought, meteorological drought, Drought classification, aridity index 8. Agro-meteorological models such as DSSAT and CROPWAT 2 model etc 9. Climate change and its impacts on agriculture: climate variability, 3 changes in atmospheric composition, observed changes and future climate scenario; impact on hydrology, crop and livestock; impacts in Nepal 10. Agro-climatic zoning of Nepal 2 Automatic weather station technologies: Automatic weather 4 11. station and its benefits over manual observations and limitations; components of automatic weather station such as data logger, data communications, power and sensors, Sensors for measurement of meteorological variables for agriculture and its working principle. Total 30

REFERENCES

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Harpal S. Mavi. 1998. Introduction to Agro-Meteorology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi

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Sabins J.R. (latest edition). Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretation. W.H. Freeman and Co.

Heywood, Ian, Corenelius Sarah and Carver Steve. 1999. An Introduction to Geographic Information System. Addison-Wesley-Longman

Chrisman Nicholas. 1997. Exploring Geographic Information System. John Wiley & Sons.